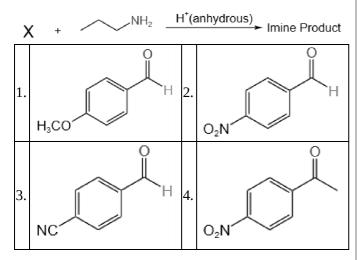


# **SECTION A**

For the following reaction, identify the carbonyl compound X that shows the highest reactivity.



- The time required for 40% completion of first-order reaction is 10 minutes. Time required for completion of 90% of this reaction will be
- 1. 22.5 minutes
- 2. 45 minutes
- 3. 90 minutes
- 4.180 minutes
- 3 Match Column-I with Column-II

	Column-I		Column-II
a.	Chloroform	(i)	$H_2S_2O_7$
b.	Mustard gas	(ii)	$CHCl_3$
c.	Phosgene	(iii)	$ClCH_2CH_2SCH_2CH_2Cl$
d.	Oleum	(iv)	$COCl_2$

- 1. a(iv), b(iii), c(ii), d(i)
- 2. a(ii), b(iii), c(i), d(iv)
- 3. a(i), b(ii), c(iii), d(iv)
- 4. a(ii), b(iii), c(iv), d(i)

The correct statement among the following is-

- Phenol is treated with bromine water, and 2,4,6tribromophenol is formed as a yellow precipitate.
- Commercial alcohol is made unfit for drinking by
- b. mixing in it some copper sulphate (to give it a colour) and pyridine (a foul-smelling liquid).
- The boiling point of ether is larger than alcohol due to the presence of hydrogen bonding.
- The alkoxy group (-OR) is ortho, para directing and d. activates the aromatic ring towards electrophilic substitution.
- 1. a, b
- 2. b, d
- 3. Only b
- 4. d, c
- Which kind of isomerism is exhibited by octahedral

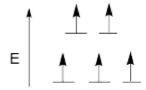
 $Co(NH_3)_4Br_2Cl$ ?

- 1. Geometrical and ionization
- 2. Geometrical and optical
- 3. Optical and ionization
- 4. Geometrical only
- $E_{{
  m Mn}\,{
  m O}_4^-/{
  m Mn}^{2+}}^{\ominus} = 1.\,51{
  m V} \quad ; \ \ E_{{
  m Cr}^{3+}\,/{
  m Cr}}^{\ominus} = -0.\,74{
  m V}$

Use the data given above to find out the most stable ion in its reduced form.

- 1. Cl<sup>-</sup>
- 2. Cr<sup>3+</sup>
- 3. Cr
- 4.  $Mn^{2+}$
- Select the incorrect statement regarding mercury cell:
- 1. It consists of zinc-mercury amalgam as anode.
- It consists of a paste of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and ZnCl<sub>2</sub> as
- electrolyte.
- 3. It consists of paste of HgO and carbon as cathode.
- It is suitable for low current devices like hearing aids, watches etc.

- - The electrolytic reduction process is used in the extraction of:-
  - 1. alkali metal
  - 2. alkaline earth metal
  - 3. aluminium
  - 4. All of the above
  - If 50 % of a zero-order reaction completes in 10 minutes, then 100 % of the same reaction will complete in:
  - 1. 5 min
  - 2. 10 min
  - 3. 20 min
  - $4. \infty \min$
  - 10 A complex of metal M<sup>n+</sup> has the following electronic distribution in d orbitals,



The neutral M has a ground state configuration of [Ar]4s<sup>2</sup>3d<sup>6</sup>. Which of the following complexes is consistent with the electronic distribution of M<sup>n+</sup> (as described above)?

- 1.  $[M(CN)_6]^{4-}$
- $2. [MF_6]^{3.}$
- $3. [MF_6]^{4-}$
- 4.  $[M(CN)_6]^{3-}$
- The shapes of  $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$  and  $[PtCl_4]^{2-}$ respectively, are
- 1. Tetrahedral and Tetrahedral
- 2. Tetrahedral and Square planar
- 3. Square planar and Tetrahedral
- 4. Square planar and Square planar

12 For the chemical reaction of the type

$$2A 
ightarrow rac{1}{2}B$$

the correct relationship amongst the rate expressions is:

$$1.\,-2rac{d[A]}{dt}=+rac{1}{2}rac{d[B]}{dt}$$

$$1. -2 \frac{d[A]}{dt} = + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d[B]}{dt}$$
 $2. +2 \frac{d[A]}{dt} = - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d[B]}{dt}$ 

$$3.-rac{1}{2}rac{d[A]}{dt}=+2rac{d[B]}{dt}$$

$$4.+rac{1}{2}rac{d[A]}{dt}=-2rac{d[B]}{dt}$$

13 Gaseous N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> decomposes according to the following equation

$$\mathrm{N_2O_5\!\left(\mathrm{g}
ight)} 
ightarrow \, 2\,\mathrm{NO_2\!\left(\mathrm{g}
ight)} \, + \, frac{1}{2}\,\mathrm{O_2\!\left(\mathrm{g}
ight)}$$

The experimental rate law is  $rac{-\Delta 
m N_2O_5}{\Delta 
m t} = k \Big[ N_2O_5 \Big]$ 

At a certain temperature, the rate constant is  $k = 5 \times 10^{-1}$ <sup>4</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>. In how many seconds will the concentration of N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> decrease to one-tenth of its initial value?

$$1.2 \times 10^3 \text{ s}$$

$$2.4.6 \times 10^3 \text{ s}$$

$$3.2.1 \times 10^2 \text{ s}$$

4. 
$$1.4 \times 10^3$$
 s

14

As	Fluorine exhibits -1,+1,+3,+5, and +7 oxidation states.
	Halogens except fluorine have d- orbitals and thus can expand their octet.

- Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct 1. explanation of (A).
- Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.

15 Match Column-l with Column-ll and identify the correct option.

Column-l	Column-ll
(Type of solids)	(Example)
a. Covalent solid	i. CaF <sub>2</sub>
b. Metallic solid	ii. Cl <sub>2</sub>
c. Ionic solid	iii. Diamond
d. Molecular solid	iv. Ag

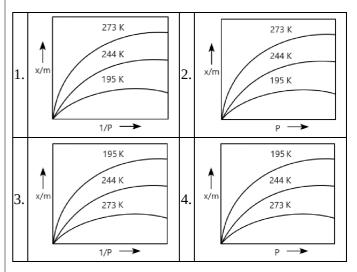
- 1. a=iii, b=iv, c=i, d=ii
- 2. a=iii, b=i, c=iv, d=ii
- 3. a=ii, b=iv, c=iii, d=i
- 4. a=i, b=iii, c=ii, d=iv

16 Density of 3 M solution of NaCl is 1.25 g/mL.

Calculate the volume of water required to make 1000 mL of this NaCl solution. [Consider the density of water as 1 g/mL].

- 1. 1074.5 mL
- 2.824.5 mL
- 3. 1250 mL
- 4. 1000 mL
- 17 In the metallurgy of iron, the reduction in the upper zone of the blast furnace is
- 1. C
- 2. CO
- 3. Both 1 and 2
- 4. None of the above
- 18 Strongest oxidising agent among the following is
- $\overline{1. ClO}^-$
- $2. ClO_2^-$
- 3.  $ClO_3^-$
- 4.  $ClO_{\Lambda}^{-}$

19 The correct graph for adsorption isotherm is:



20 Which of the following gas does not obey henry's

law?

- 1. Ar
- 2.  $H_2$
- 3.  $O_2$
- 4. NH<sub>3</sub>
- 21 Which of the carbon atoms present in the molecule given below are asymmetric?

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & OH & H \\
 & |b| & |c| & d \\
 & C - C - C - C \\
 & | & | & | \\
 & H & OH
\end{array}$$

- 1. a, b, c, d
- 2. b, c
- 3. a, d
- 4. a, b, c
- 22 The incorrect statement among the following is:
- 1. Lyophobic sols are irreversible sols.
- 2. Lyophilic sols need stabilising agent.
- Lyophobic sols readily precipitated on the addition of small amounts of electrolyte.
- 4. Starch is a Lyophilic sol.



- 23 Which of the following facts about the complex  $[Cr(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$  is wrong?
- The complex is an outer orbital complex.
- The complex gives a white precipitate with a silver nitrate solution.
- The complex involves d<sup>2</sup>sp<sup>3</sup> hybridization and is octahedral in shape.
- The complex is paramagnetic.
- 24 Match list I with list II and identify the correct code

	List-I		List II
(i)	$N_2O$	(a)	Colourless, acidic solid
(ii)	$N_2O_3$	(b)	Colourless , neutral gas
(iii)	$NO_2$	(c)	Blue, acidic solid
(iv)	$N_2O_5$	(d)	Brown, acidic gas

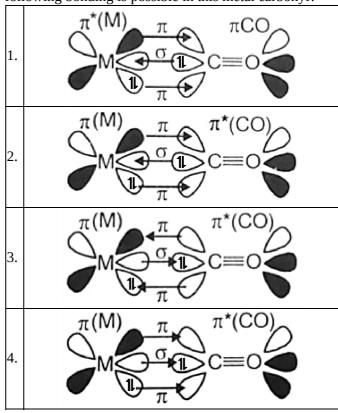
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
1.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
2.	(b)	(c)	(d)	(a)	
3.	(b)	(c)	(a)	(d)	
4.	(c)	(d)	(b)	(a)	

25

Assertion (A):	Nitration of chlorobenzene occurs at ortho and para positions.
Reason (R):	Chlorine is a ring deactivator.

- Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of (A).
- Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.
- 26 The percentage by mass of solute in a solution obtained by mixing 300g of a 25% and 400g of a 40% the same solution is:
- 1.33.6%
- 2.65%
- 3.30%
- 4.60%

27 Metal 'M' forms a carbonyl compound in which it is present in its lower valence state. Which of the following bonding is possible in this metal carbonyl?



- 28 Mg(s) +  $2Ag^{+}(0.0001M) \rightarrow Mg^{2+}(0.130M) +$  $\overline{2Ag}(s)$
- If  $E^{\Theta}$ (cell) for the above mentioned cell is 3.17 V, then E(cell) value will be-

 $(\log 13=1.1)$ 

- 1. 2.87 V
- 2.3.08 V
- 3. 2.96 V
- 4. 2.68 V
- 29 The molar conductivity of 0.1 M NH<sub>4</sub>Cl is 20 S cm<sup>2</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>. The molar conductivity of NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> and Cl<sup>-</sup> at infinite dilution are 74 and 26 S  $\rm cm^2\ mol^{-1}\ respectively.$ The dissociation constant of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl will be:
- 1. 10<sup>-2</sup>
- 2. 2×10<sup>-3</sup>
- $3.4 \times 10^{-3}$
- 4. 5×10<sup>-3</sup>



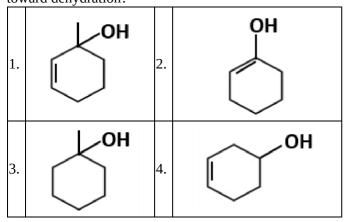
30 A compound  $C_4H_{10}O\left(x\right)$  can react with sodium.

On vigorous oxidation, the compound gives a carboxylic acid  $C_4H_8O_2$  (y). The compound (x) can be

- 1. Ether
- 2. 3° Alcohol
- 3. 2° Alcohol
- 4.1° Alcohol
- The oxidation state of cobalt in  $[Co(en)_2FBr]Cl$

is:

- 1.+2
- 2. +1
- 3.+3
- 4.+6
- 32 With F highest stable oxidation state of Mn is-
- 1. + 6
- 2. + 4
- 3. + 7
- 4. + 3
- Which of the following oxidation state is common for all lanthanoids?
- 1. +2
- 2. +3
- 3. +4
- 4. +5
- 34 The crystal with  $a \ne b \ne c$ ,  $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$  is:
- 1. Cubic
- 2. Orthorhombic
- 3. Tetragonal
- 4. Hexagonal
- 35 Which, of the following alcohols, is most reactive toward dehydration?

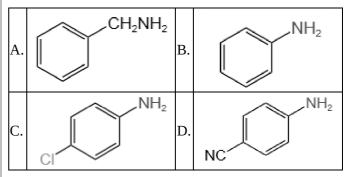


# **SECTION B**

- 36 Consider the following statements
- Benzal chloride in reaction with water at 373 K gives benzoic acid.
- In the Gattermann-Koch reaction, benzene is converted to benzaldehyde.
- In the Etard reaction, chromyl chloride is used as a reagent.

The correct statements are:

- 1. (a) and (b) only
- 2. (b) and (c) only
- 3. (a) and (c) only
- 4. (a), (b), and (c)
- 37 The correct statement among the following is/are:
- 1. Sucralose is an artificial sweetener
- 2. Penicillin is a narrow-spectrum antibiotic
- 3. Phenol can be used as an antiseptic as well as disinfectant
- 4. All of these
- 38 Consider the following amines:



The basic strength of these amines in increasing order

- 1. C < D < A < B
- 2. D < B < C < A
- 3. C < D < B < A
- 4. D < C < B < A



#### **39** Given below are two statements:

Assertion (A):	The boiling points of aldehydes and ketones are higher than hydrocarbons of comparable molecular masses because of weak molecular association in aldehydes and ketones due to dipoledipole interactions.
Reason (R):	The boiling points of aldehydes and ketones are lower than the alcohols of similar molecular masses due to the absence of H-bonding.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

1.	Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.
2.	Both Statement I and Statement II are correct.
3.	Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect.
4.	Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect.

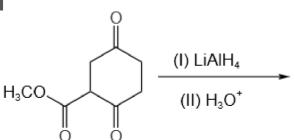
#### 40 For the given reaction:

$$\overline{CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2OH} \xrightarrow{1 \ Conc. H_2SO_4} A$$

'A' is:

- 1. Sodium salt of alcohol
- 2. Non-ionic detergents
- 3. Cationic detergents
- 4. Anionic detergents





In major product of reaction, how many secondary alcoholic groups are attached to the ring?

- 1. Three
- 2. Four
- 3. Two
- 4. One

40
$\Delta L$

	Natural rubber is a linear polymer of isoprene unit with cis isomer.
Statement II:	The polymer of isoprene is polar and has a coil-like structure.

- 1. Statement I is correct only.
- 2. Statement II is correct only.
- 3. Both statements I and II are correct.
- 4. None of the Statements are correct.

#### 43

	Pentaacetate of cyclic glucose reacts with hydroxylamine
Statement	Glucose on oxidation with nitric acid yields gluconic acid.

In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer.

- Statement I is correct but statement II is incorrect
- Statement I is incorrect but statement II is correct
- Both statement I and statement II are correct
- 4. Both statement I and statement II are incorrect
- 44 Among the following carboxylic acids, most acidic

in nature is:

- 1. Butanoic acid
- 2. 2-Chlorobutanoic acid
- 3. 3-Chlorobutanoic acid
- 4. 4-Chlorobutanoic acid



45			
Assertion (A):	Osmosis involves the movement of solvent molecules from its lower concentration to its higher concentration.		
Reason (R):	Solutions having the same osmotic pressure are called isotonic solutions.		

1.	Both <b>(A)</b> and <b>(R)</b> are true and <b>(R)</b> is the correct explanation of <b>(A)</b> .
	Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct

explanation of **(A)**.

(A) is true but (R) is false.

(A) is false but (R) is true.

### 46 Consider the following reaction,

x and y respectively are:

_	nd y respectively tie.
1.	H CH <sub>3</sub> -C-CH <sub>3</sub> , CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH
2.	H CH₃CH₂CH₃, CH₃–C–CH₃ OH
3.	OH OH I H₃C—C—CH₃ , H₃C—C—CH₃ I H
4.	СН <sub>3</sub> СН <sub>2</sub> СН <sub>3</sub> , СН <sub>3</sub> СН <sub>2</sub> СН <sub>3</sub>

- 47 The term anomers of glucose refer to:
- Isomers of glucose that differ in configurations at carbons one and four (C-1 and C-4)
- 2. A mixture of (D)-glucose and (L)-glucose
- 3. Enantiomers of glucose
- Isomers of glucose that differ in configuration at carbon one (C-1)
- 48 Which one of the following is a copolymer?
- 1. Buna-s
- 2. Teflon
- 3. Polyacrylonitrile
- 4. Neoprene
- Butan-1-ol and 2-Methylbutan-2-ol can be differentiated by:
- 1. HCl-ZnCl<sub>2</sub> at room temperature.
- 2. HBr
- 3. SOCl<sub>2</sub>
- 4. Both (2) and (3)
- 50 Consider the following reaction sequence

OH 
$$\frac{1. \text{ NH}_3}{2. \Delta}$$
 A  $\frac{1. \text{ LiAlH}_4}{2. \text{ H}_2\text{O}}$  B

The major product (B) is:



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