## Botany - Section A

1. Our ancestors knew about the inheritance of characters and variations because-
2. They selectively breed plants and animals and selected for organisms that possessed desirable characters.
3. They introduced mutations
4. They performed natural hybridisation
5. All of the above
6. Today $\qquad$ are extensively used as a $\qquad$ point in the sequencing of whole genome
7. Pedigree charts, conclusive
8. Genetic maps, starting
9. Pedigree charts, starting
10. Genetic maps, conclusive
11. 



Identify $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D structures shown in above diagram of female gametophyte:

| A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Synergid | Polar <br> nuclei | Central cell | Antipodal <br> cells |
| 2.Antipodal <br> cells | Polar <br> nuclei | Central cell | Synergids |
| 3.Antipodal <br> cells | Polar <br> nuclei | Megaspore <br> mother cell | Synergids |
| 4.Filiform <br> apparatus | Polar <br> nuclei | Central cell | Antipodal <br> cell |

4. In Connell's elegant field experiments, on the Rocky sea coasts of Scotland which of the following observation was recorded?
5. Barnacle Balanus dominates and exclude the smaller barnacle Chathamalus from that zone
6. Barnacle Chathamalus dominates Barnacle Balanus and exclude them from that zone.
7. Barnacle Balanus dominates and excludes smaller warblers from that zone.
8. Warblers dominate and exclude smaller Balanus from that area.
9. Which one of the following statements is wrong?
10. Glycine is a sulphur containing amino acid.
11. Sucrose is a disaccharide.
12. Cellulose is a polysaccharide.
13. Uracil is a pyrimidine.
14. Which of the following is the best evidence for the 'Lock-and-key model' of enzyme action?
1 all isolated enzymes have been identified as proteins
15. compounds similar in structure to the substrate inhibit the reaction
16. enzymes are found in living organisms and speed up certain reactions
17. enzymes determine the direction of reaction
18. Match each item in Column I with one in Column II and select the correct option from the codes given below:

COLUMN I
[Phyllotaxy]
A. Alternate
B. Opposite
C. Whorled

COLUMN II
[Example]
a. China rose
b. Calotropis
c. Alstonia

Codes

|  | A | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | a | b | c |
| 2. | a | c | b |
| 3. | b | a | c |
| 4. | c | b | a |

8. Match the bacteria in Column I with its shape in Column II and select the correct option from the codes given below:

## COLUMN I COLUMN II

A. Bacillus
a. Rod
B. Coccus
b. Spherical
C. Spirilla
c. Spiral
D. Vibrio
d. Comma

## Codes

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | a | b | c | d |
| 2. | b | a | c | d |
| 3. | a | d | c | b |
| 4. | b | a | d | c |

9. Transgenic plants are the ones
10. Grown in artificial medium after hybridization in the field
11. Produced by a somatic embryo in artificial medium
12. Generated by introducing foreign DNA in to a cell and generating a plant from that cell
13. Produced after protoplast fusion in artificial medium
14. The members of Kingdom Monera and Kingdom Protista in Whittaker's five kingdom classification resemble each other in:
15. Cell type
16. Body organization
17. Nature of cell wall
18. Nuclear membrane
19. Identify the plant growth regulator that is not correctly matched to its chemical nature in the following given options:

## PGR

1. Ethylene

Gaseous
2. Adenine derivatives Kinetin
3. Indole compounds Auxins
4. Terpenes
12. Plants have developed many mechanisms to encourage cross-pollination that include:
I. Asynchrony between pollen release and stigma receptivity
II. Placing of pollen and stigma at different positions
III. Self-incompatibility
IV. Dioecy

What would be true regarding these mechanisms?

1. I and II prevent autogamy and geitonogamy
2. III is a genetic mechanism that inhibits pollen germination or pollen tube growth
3. IV is a very common [found in majority]mechanism seen in flowering plants
4. I, II and III invariably lead to xenogamy
5. Which of the following is not an example of dehydration synthesis in the structure of a biomolecule?
6. linking of individual monosaccharides in a polysaccharide
7. nitrogenous base pairing in a double stranded DNA helix
8. synthesis of triglycerides from fatty acids and glycerol
9. formation of the primary structure of a polypeptide
10. Match each item in Column I with one in Column II and select the correct answer from the codes given:

| A. | Pollen exine | P. | Cellulose and pectin |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B. | Pollen intine | Q. | Sporopollenin |
| C. | Antipodals | R. | Nutrition to the embryo sac |
| D. | Synergids | S. | Pollen tube guidance |


|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | P | Q | R | S |
| 2. | Q | P | S | R |
| 3. | Q | P | R | S |
| 4. | P | Q | S | R |

15. If there were no green house effect:
16. Earth would have been too cold for many organisms to survive
17. The diversity on Earth would have been much higher
18. The primary productivity would have been much higher
19. Earth would not have any atmosphere
20. Identify $a, b, c$ and $d$ labellings in the following diagram.

21. i - stroma lamella; ii- thylakoid; iii-stroma; iv-genetic material
22. i- stroma lamella; ii- grana; iii-stroma; iv-starch granule 3. i- grana; ii- lamella; iii-stroma; iv-starch granule
23. i- stroma lamella; ii- grana; iii-cytoplasm; iv-starch granule

## 17. RNA can act as

1. Adapter molecule
2. Catalytic molecule as well as Genetic material
3. Structural molecule
4. All of the above
5. A species whose distribution is restricted to a small geographical area because of the presence of a competitively superior species is found to expand its distributional range dramatically when the competing species is experimentally removed. This is called:
6. Competitive Exclusion
7. Competitive Release
8. Competitive Supremacy
9. Competitive Inclusion
10. Which group of organisms are members of red algae?

1 Trichodesmium, Porphyra, Chondrus
2 Gloiopeltis, Dictyota, Sargassurn
3 Batrachospermum, Polysiphonia, Porphyridium
4 Gelidium, Gracilaria, Chara
20. Identify the correct statement:

1 A haploid plant does not produce gametes
2 Meiosis does not occur in haploid cells
3 All plants form gametes by meiosis
4 Mitosis cannot be the means for gamete formation
21. Which of the following statement about telophase-l is correct?

1. Congression stage
2. Disjunction of homologous chromosome stage
3. Centromere dividing stage
4. Nuclear membrane and nucleolus reform stage
5. RQ value will be one when the substrate is

1 Carbohydrate
2 Protein
3 Fat
4 Organic acid
23. Liquid endosperm in coconut results due to :-

1. Karyokinesis followed by cytokinesis
2. Failure of karyokinessis followed by cytokinesis
3. Karyokinesis twice followed by single cytokinesis
4. Karyokinesis is not followed by cytokinesis
5. Bicarpellary ovary with obliquely placed septum is seen in :
6. Brassica
7. Aloe
8. Solanum
9. Sesbania
10. The product(s) of the reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are.
11. Nitrate alone
12. Ammonia and oxygen
13. Ammonia and hydrogen
14. Ammonia alone
15. Choose the odd one out w.r.t. lac operon
16. Polycistronic structural genes have common promoter
17. Lactose is transported in cell by permeases
18. The i gene shows its expression constitutively
19. Switching on of operon by lactose is positive control
20. Endosperm is usually completely consumed by the developing embryo in all the following except:
21. Pea
22. Castor
23. Bean
24. Groundnut
25. "An Essay on the Principle of Population" that possibly influenced both Darwin and Wallace was written by:
26. JBS Haldane
27. T R Malthus
28. Eldregde and Gould
29. Georges Cuvier
30. Which of the following 'flows' through an ecosystem and does not 'cycle'?
31. Water
32. Nitrogen
33. Energy
34. Carbon
35. If we put a price tag on nature's life-support services, about $50 \%$ of the total cost will be accounted for by:
36. Recreation and nutrient cycling
37. Soil formation
38. Climate regulation
39. Habitat for wildlife
40. Identify a nucleoside containing a pyrimidine base:
41. Adenine
42. Cytidine
43. Guanosine
44. Thymidylic acid
45. In Hatch and Slack pathway, the primary $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ acceptor is -
46. Oxaloacetic acid
47. Phosphoglyceric acid
48. Phosphoenol pyruvate
49. Rubisco
50. Select the correct pair.
51. Cells of medullary rays that form part of a cambial ring - Interfascicular cambium
52. Loose parenchyma cells rupturing the epidermis and forming a lens-shaped opening in the bark - Spongy parenchyma
53. Large colorless empty cells in the epidermis of grass leaves - Subsidiary cells
54. In dicot leaves, vascular bundles are surrounded tissue by large thick-walled cells - Conjunctive tissue
55. Which of the following RNAs is not required for the synthesis of protein?
56. rRNA
57. siRNA
58. mRNA
59. tRNA
60. For the formation of $\mathrm{NADH}+\mathrm{H}+$ during glycolysis, in which form the redox equivalents are removed?
61. Hydrogen atoms
62. Phosphate ions
63. Oxygen atoms
64. Hydroxyl ions

## Botany - Section B

36. Which of the following radiatively active gases contributes the least to global warming?
37. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
38. CFC
39. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
40. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
41. Consider the following statements:
I. When certain exotic species are introduced into a geographical area, they become invasive because the invaded land does not have its natural predators.
II. Competition is best defined as a process in which the fitness of one species is significantly lower in the presence of another species.
III. Biological control methods adopted in agricultural pest control are based on the ability of the predator to regulate prey population

Which of the above statements are true?

1. I and II only
2. I and III only
3. II and III only
4. I, II and III
5. A compound which is produced by an organism that inhibits growth of other organism is called:
6. xenobiotics
7. antibiotic
8. antibody
9. interferon
10. Which of the following conditions represents a case of co-dominance genes?
11. A gene expresses itself, suppressing the phenotypic effect of its alleles.
12. Genes that are similar in phenotypic effect when present separately, but when together interact to produce a different trait.
13. Alleles, both of which interact to produce a trait, which may or may not resemble either of the parental types.
14. Alleles, each of which produces an independent effect in a heterozygous condition.
15. Which among the following is not true about pollen grain?
16. Rich in nutrients.
17. Many species cause severe allergies and bronchial afflictions in some people often leading to chronic respiratory disorders- asthma, bronchitis, etc.
18. Pollen consumption has been claimed to increase the performance race horses.
19. Parthenium is used against pollen allergy.
20. Which of the following is correct about transport or conduction of substances.
21. Organic food moves upward through xylem
22. Organic food move up through phloem
23. Inorganic food move upward and downward through xylem
24. Organic food move upward and downward through phloem
25. Which of the following statements about enzymes is true?
26. Enzymes do not alter the overall change in free energy for a reaction
27. Enzymes are proteins whose three dimensional shape is key to their functions
28. Enzymes speed up reactions by lowering activation energy
29. Enzyme are highly specific for reactions
30. An enzyme like any protein has the secondary and tertiary structure.
31. The energy input needed to start a chemical reaction is called activation energy
(1) All are correct
(2) All except 5
(3) 5 and 6
(4) 2 and 4
32. The diffusion of any substance across a membrane depends on
1 .Solubility in proteins
2 .Solubility in carbohydrates
3 .Solubility in lipids
33. Solubility in glycolipids
34. Which among the following is/are the life cycle pattern of colonial algae Volvox?


[C]
35. A
36. B
37. C
38. All of these
39. The bacterium Bacillus thuringiensis is widely used in contemporary biology as a/an
40. indicator of water pollution
41. insecticide
42. agent for production of dairy products
43. source of industrial enzyme
44. Synapsis occurs between
45. a male and a female gamete
46. mRNA and ribosomes
47. spindle fibres and centromere
48. two homologous chromosomes
49. The term 'polyadelphous' is related to
50. calyx
51. gynoecium
52. androecium
53. corolla
54. Choose the wrong statements:
55. Neurospora is used in the study of biochemical genetics
56. Morels and truffles are poisonous mushrooms
57. Yeast is unicellular and useful in fermentation
58. Penicillium is multicellular and produces antibiotics
59. In a dicot root, initiation of lateral roots and vascular cambium during the secondary growth takes place in the cells of:
60. Outer cortex
61. Inner cortex
62. Endodermis
63. Pericycle
64. Select the correct option:

Direction of RNA Direction of reading of the
synthesis template DNA strand

1. $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ 3' - 5'
2. $3^{\prime}-5^{\prime}$

5' - 3'
3. $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$

5' - 3'
4. $3^{\prime}-5^{\prime}$

3' -5 '

## Zoology - Section A

51. Strength to the bones is given by the hard and nonpliable ground substance composed of:
52. Calcium salts and collagen fibres
53. Calcium salts only
54. Calcium and magnesium salts
55. Elastin fibres
56. Arrange the following in the order of their existence during the history of life forms:
a. Stegosaurus, b. Brachiosaurus, c. Triceratops, d. Tyrannosaurus, e. Pteranodon, f. Crocodilian, g.
Archaeopteryx.

| 1. | b | a | g | f | e | d | c |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | e | b | g | a | f | c | d |
| 3. | g | a | f | b | e | d | c |
| 4. | c | a | f | g | d | e | b |

53. According to the traditional view which of the following can be kept under the process or form in Biotechnology?
54. Test tube baby
55. DNA vaccine
56. Making of wine
57. Correcting a gene
58. What does continuous culture mean?
59. Where DNA and protein getting expressed continuously
60. Where used medium is drained out and the fresh medium is added from another side
61. Where cells are producing protein for one week continuously
62. Where the production of recombinant DNA is continuing without interference.
63. If for some reason, the vasa efferentia in the human reproductive system get blocked, the gametes will not be transported from
64. epididymis to vas deferens
65. ovary to uterus
66. vagina to uterus
67. testes to epididymis
68. The length of which of the following regions shown in the given diagram of a sarcomere remains unchanged during muscle contraction?
69. 1
70. 2
71. 7
72. 6
73. The cell-mediated immunity inside the human body is carried out by
74. B-lymphocytes
75. Thrombocytes
76. Erythorcytes
77. T-lymphocytes
78. Select the correct matching of a hormone, its source and function.

## Hormone

1. Norepinephrine | Adrenal |
| :--- |
| medulla |
2. Glucagon
3. Prolactin
4. Vasopressin

## Source

Adrenal
medulla
Beta-cells of Islets of langerhans

Posterior pituitary

Posterior pituitary

## Function

Increases heartbeat, rate of respiration and alertness

Stimulates
glycogenolysis
Regulates growth of mammary glands and milk formation in females

Increases loss of water through urine
59. Which of the following is not a correct difference between members of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes?

| Feature | Chondrichthyes Osteichthyes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Operculum | Absent | Present |
| 2. Scales | Placoid | Cycloid/Ctenoid |
| 3. Swim bladder Absent | Present |  |
| 4. Mouth | Mostly terminal | Located ventrally |

60. Identify the incorrectly matched pair:
61. Leydig cells $\begin{aligned} & \text { Secrete androgens when stimulated by } \\ & \text { LH }\end{aligned}$
62. Sertoli cells Help in spermiogenesis and also secrete inhibin
63. Seminal Contribute fructose to seminal plasma vesicles and store sperms
64. Prostate Unpaired gland, frequently gets enlarged in older men
65. The regeneration of the uterine endometrium through proliferation corresponds to:
66. the ovarian follicular phase and is regulated by estrogen
67. the ovarian luteal phase and is regulated by progesterone
68. the ovarian follicular phase and is regulated by progesterone
69. the ovarian luteal phase and is regulated by estrogen
70. Amongst the vertebrates, the Class with maximum number of species is:
71. Pisces
72. Reptilia
73. Aves
74. Mammalia
75. The olfactory bulb in the human brain:
76. is an extension of the limbic system
77. is a part of the olfactory membrane
78. forms an important part of the mesencephalon
79. is located near the Wernicke's area in the temporal cortex
80. Bacteria can protect themselves from getting infected by bacteriophages as they synthesize:
81. Methylase
82. Ligases
83. Plasmids
84. Endonucleases
85. In the given diagram of the transverse section of the gut, the longitudinal muscles are represented by the letter:

86. A
87. B
88. C
89. D
90. Which of the following will not be equal in normal physiological conditions?
91. Partial pressure of oxygen in deoxygenated blood and partial pressure of oxygen in tissues
92. Partial pressure of carbon dioxide in alveoli and partial pressure of carbon dioxide in oxygenated blood
93. Partial pressure of oxygen in oxygenated blood and partial pressure of oxygen in alveoli
94. Partial pressure of carbon dioxide in tissues and partial pressure of carbon dioxide in deoxygenated blood
95. The pathway of single circulation is
96. Heart- body- gills- Heart
97. Heart- gills- body- Heart
98. Heart- body-gills-body- heart
99. body-heart-gills-Heart
100. On average, what amount of urea is excreted out per day by a healthy human being?
101. $5-10 \mathrm{gm}$
102. $15-20 \mathrm{gm}$
103. $25-30 \mathrm{gm}$
104. $50-60 \mathrm{gm}$
105. Ribosomes were discovered by
106. Palade
107. De Robertis
108. Porter
109. Golgi
110. Gorilla, Chimpanzee, Monkeys and Humans belong to the same
111. Species
112. Genus
113. Family
114. Order
115. Saheli, developed by CDRI, is a:
116. Social magazine for females
117. Steroidal oral contraceptive pill
118. Non steroidal oral contraceptive pill
119. Injectable contraceptive
120. Match the items given in Column - I with those in Column - II and choose the correct option.

Column-I
Column-II
(a) Rennin
(i) Vitamin $\mathrm{B}_{12}$
(b) Enterokinase
(ii) Facilitated transport
(c) Oxyntic cells
(iii) Milk proteins
(d) Fructose
(iv) Trypsinogen

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| 2. | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| 3. | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| 4. | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |

73. According to Alexander von Humboldt :
74. Species richness decreases with increasing area of exploration
75. Species richness increases with the increasing area, but
only up to limit
76. There is no relationship between species richness and area explored.
77. Species richness goes on increasing with increasing area of exploration
78. Match the following group of organisms with their respective distinctive characteristics and select the correct option :

## Organisms

(a) Platyhelminthes
(b) Echinoderms
(c) Hemichordates
(d) Aves

## Characteristics

Cylindrical body with no segmentation

Warm blooded animals with direct development
Bilateral symmetry with incomplete digestive system
Radial symmetry with indirect development

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| 2. | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| 3. | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| 4. | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |

75. In translation, the enzyme amino acyl-tRNA synthetase:
76. synthesizes tRNA
77. attaches amino acids to tRNA
78. hydrolyzes excess tRNA molecules
79. helps tRNA synthesize amino acids
80. Fleming first observed the antibiotic properties of the mould that makes penicillin, but the credit to develop it into a useful treatment goes to:
81. Selman Waksman
82. Florey and Chain
83. Beadle and Tatum
84. Zinder and Lederberg
85. Fecal-oral route is not involved in the transmission of:
86. Polio
87. Amoebic dysentery
88. Ascariasis
89. Filariasis
90. What type of protein structure is the beta-pleated sheet?
91. Primary
92. Secondary
93. Tertiary
94. Quaternary
95. Erythropoietin hormone which stimulates R.B.C. formation is produced by:
96. The cells of bone marrow
97. Juxtaglomerular cells of the kidney
98. Alpha cells of the pancreas
99. The cells of the rostral adenohypophysis
100. What happens to the volume of the pulmonary cavity when there is an increase in the volume of the thoracic chamber?
101. It decreases
102. It increases
103. It remains the same
104. First decreases and then increases
105. Match column-I with column-II

Column-I

## Column-II

a. World population in year 1900
(i) Crossed 1.2 billion
b. India's population in year 2000
(ii) 2000 million
c. India’s population in May 2011
(iii) About 6 billion
d. World population in year 2000
(iv) Close to 1 billion

1. a(ii), b(i), c(iv), d(iii)
2. a(ii), b(iv), c(i), d(iii)
3. a(iv), b(ii), c(iii), d(i)
4. a(i), b(iv), c(ii), d(iii)
5. Number of QRS complexes that occur in the ECG in a given time period determine
6. Cardiac output
7. Stroke volume
8. Heart beat rate
9. Strength of heart
10. Choose the incorrect statement
11. Blood groups are based on presence or absence of natural antigens that can induce immune response
12. Natural antibodies are proteins produced in respone to natural antigens
13. Anti-A , Anti-B are present in a person having blood group AB
14. During blood transfusion, blood of donor is carefully matched with blood of recipient
15. Choose the correct option corresponding to labels $a, b, c$, and $d$ in the given diagram

16. The sensory information for hearing is finally interpreted in
17. Basilar membrane
18. Organ of Corti
19. Auditory cortex of the brain
20. Olfactory part of the brain

## Zoology - Section B

86. Which of the following types of natural selection reduces variation but does not change the mean value?
87. Directional
88. Stabilizing
89. Disruptive
90. All of these
91. A host cell normally does not take up a foreign DNA until it has been made competent to do so. This is because:
92. DNA is a hydrophilic molecule
93. DNA is a very large molecule
94. there are no receptors for DNA on the cell membrane
95. DNA is an inert molecule
96. Thalassemia and sickle-cell anaemia are caused due to a problem in globin molecule synthesis. Select the correct statement.
97. Both are due to a qualitative defect in globin chain synthesis
98. Both are due to a quantitative defect globin chain synthesis
99. Thalassemia is due to less synthesis of globin molecules
100. Sickle-cells anaemia is due to a quantitative problem of globin molecules
101. Antigen binding site in an antibody is found between
102. two light chains
103. two heavy chains
104. one heavy and one light chain
105. either between two light chains or between one heavy and one light chain depending
upon the nature of antigen.
106. Identify the following cells in a specialised connective tissue:


A

1. Macrophage
2. WBC
3. RBC
4. Adipocyte



C
91. The compound or pigment acting as an oxygen store in skeletal muscles is:

1. Myoglobin
2. Haemoglobin
3. Myokinase or ATP
4. Cytochrome
5. Which of the following has 23 chromosomes?
6. Secondary spermatocyte
7. Primary spermatocyte
8. Spermatogonia
9. Sertoli cells
10. Which of the following cranial meninges is in close contact of the brain tissue?
11. Arachnoid
12. Pia mater
13. Dura mater
14. Skull tissue
15. The name of the blood vessel delivering blood directly to the glomerulus is the
16. renal artery
17. interlobar artery
18. arcuate artery
19. afferent arteriole
20. Feeling the tremor of an earthquake a scared resident of seventh floor of a multistoried building starts climbing down the stairs rapidly. Which hormone initiated this action?
21. Thyroxine
22. Adrenaline
23. Glucagon
24. Gastrin
25. Cellular organelles with membranes are
26. Nucleus, ribosome and mitochondria
27. Chromosomes, ribosome and endoplasmic reticulum
28. Endoplasmic reticulum, ribosome and nuclei
29. Lysosomes, Golgi apparatus and mitochondria.
30. The permissible use of the technique amniocentesis is for
31. detecting sex of the unborn foetus
32. artificial insemination
33. transfer of enbryo into the uterus of a surrogate mother
34. detecting any genetic abnormality
35. Which one of the following groups of animals is correctly matched with its one characteristic feature without
even a single exception ?
36. Reptilia : possess 3 - chambered heart with one incompletely divided ventricle
37. Chordata : possess a mouth provided with an upper and lower jaw
3.Chondrichthyes : possess cartilanginous endoskeleton
38. Mammalia : give birth to young one.
39. All the following are favorable for the formation of oxyhemoglobin at the lungs except:
40. High $\mathrm{PO}_{2}$
41. Low $\mathrm{PCO}_{2}$
42. Low temperature
43. Low pH
44. The best breeding method for animals that are below average in productivity in milk production is:
45. Inbreeding
46. Out-crossing
47. Cross-breeding
48. Interspecific hybridization

## Chemistry - Section A

101. In which of the following compounds, hydrogen exists in the atomic state -
102. Metallic hydrides
103. Ionic hydrides
104. Molecular hydrides
105. Water
106. Iron carbonyl, $\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})_{5}$ is
107. Tetranuclear
108. Mononuclear
109. Trinuclear
110. Dinuclear
111. Aqua regia reacts with Pt to yield :
112. $\mathrm{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{4}$
113. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{PtCl}_{6}$
114. $\mathrm{PtCl}_{4}$
115. $\mathrm{PtCl}_{2}$
116. In which one of the following reactions, we will get only one crossed Aldol product,
117. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO} \& \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}$
118. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO} \&\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CO}$
119. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CO} \&\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CO}$
120. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO} \& \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO}$
121. The liquefied gas that is used in dry cleaning along with a suitable detergent is-
122. Water gas
123. Petroleum gas
124. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
125. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
126. Correct statement regarding heating of a liquid is -
127. Surface tension increases
128. Surface tension is lowered
129. Viscosity increases
130. Surface tension is not affected
131. Which reagent will you use for the following reaction?
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}+$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHClCH}_{3}$
132. $\mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{UV}$ light
133. $\mathrm{NaCl}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
134. $C l_{2}$ gas in dark
135. $C l_{2}$ gas in the presence of iron in dark
136. Match the vitamins given in Column I with the deficiency disease they cause given in Column II.
Column II (Vitamins) Column II (Diseases)
A. Vitamin $\mathrm{B}_{12}$
137. Muscular weakness
B. Vitamin E
138. Increased blood clotting time
C. Vitamin K
139. Osteomalacia
D. Vitamin D
140. Pernicious anemia

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 2. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 3. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4. | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |

109. Arrange the following alkyl halides in decreasing order of the rate of $\beta$-elimination reaction with alcoholic KOH .
A.

B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{Br}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{Br}$
110. $A>B>C$
111. $C>B>A$
112. $B>C>A$
113. $A>C>B$
114. Which of the following does not give nucleophilic substitution with alcohol:
115. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCl}$
116. Acetic anhydride
117. Ether
118. None of the above
119. A compound having two direct bonds between $P$ and H atom is :
120. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{2}$
121. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$
122. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$
123. $\mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$
124. n-propyl alcohol and isopropyl alcohol can be chemically distinguished by which reagent : -
125. $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$
126. Reduction
127. Oxidation with Potassium dichromate
128. Ozonolysis

## 113. Given that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& E_{\mathrm{O}_{2} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}}^{\Theta}=+1.23 \mathrm{~V} ; E_{S_{2} \mathrm{O}_{8}^{2-} / \mathrm{SO}_{4}^{-2}}=2.05 \mathrm{~V} \\
& E_{\mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{Br}^{-}}^{\Theta}=+1.09 \mathrm{~V} ; E_{A u^{3+} / A u}^{\Theta}=+1.4 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

The strongest oxidizing agent is -

1. $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{8}^{2-}$
2. $O_{2}$
3. $A u^{3+}$
4. $B r_{2}$
5. The increasing order of nucleophilicity of the following nucleophiles is-
(a) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}^{\ominus}$
(b) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(c) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{SO}_{3}^{\ominus}$
(d) $\stackrel{\ominus}{O} H$
6. (b) $<$ (c) $<$ (a) $<$ (d)
7. (b) $<$ (c) $<$ (d) $<$ (a)
8. (a) $<$ (d) $<$ (c) $<$ (b)
9. (d) $<$ (a) $<$ (c) $<$ (b)
10. The correct order of catenation is:
11. $\mathrm{C}>\mathrm{Sn}>\mathrm{Si} \approx \mathrm{Ge}$
12. $\mathrm{Si}>\mathrm{Sn}>\mathrm{C}>\mathrm{Ge}$
13. $\mathrm{C}>\mathrm{Si}>\mathrm{Ge} \approx \mathrm{Sn}$
14. $\mathrm{Ge}>\mathrm{Sn}>\mathrm{Si}>\mathrm{C}$
15. At room temperature, a dilute solution of urea is prepared by dissolving 0.60 g of urea in 360 g of water. If the vapour pressure of pure water at this temperature is 35 mm Hg , lowering of vapour pressure will be.
(molar mass of urea $=60 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ )
16. 0.031 mmHg
17. 0.017 mmHg
18. 0.028 mmHg
19. 0.027 mmHg
20. The major products A and B for the following reactions are, respectively :


21. 




2.


3.

4.


118. An oxidation-reduction reaction in which 3 electrons are transferred has a $\Delta G^{\circ}$ of $17.37 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The value of $E_{\text {cell }}^{o}(\mathrm{in} \mathrm{V})$ is $\mathrm{A} \times 10^{-2}$. The value of A is-
( $1 \mathrm{~F}=96,500 \mathrm{C} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ )

1. -6
2. 4
3. -8
4. 2
5. An aqueous solution contains an unknown concentration of $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$. When 50 mL of a 1 M solution of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is added, $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$ just begins to precipitate. The final volume is 500 mL . The solubility product of $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$ is $1 \times 10^{-10}$. What is the original concentration of $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$ ?
$1.5 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{M}$
6. $2 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{M}$
7. $1 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{M}$
8. $1.0 \times 10^{-10} \mathrm{M}$
9. Among the following, the reaction/s will not give paminoazobenzene is-

(iii) Aniline, $\mathrm{H}^{+}$
A.


(i) $\mathrm{HNO}_{2}$
$\xrightarrow[\text { (ii) Aniline, } \mathrm{H}^{+}]{ }$
C.
10. A only
11. B only
12. C only
13. A and B
14. The correct order of electron gain enthalpy is
15. $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{Se}>\mathrm{Te}>\mathrm{O}$
16. $\mathrm{Te}>\mathrm{Se}>\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{O}$
17. $\mathrm{O}>\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{Se}>\mathrm{Te}$
18. $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{O}>\mathrm{Se}>\mathrm{Te}$
19. Identify A in the following chemical reaction


20. 


3.

4.

123. Given below are the half-cell reactions :
$\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn} ; \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=-1.18 \mathrm{~V}$
$2\left(\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}+\mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}\right) ; \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=+1.51 \mathrm{~V}$
The $\mathrm{E}^{\mathrm{o}}$ for $3 \mathrm{Mn}^{2+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn}+2 \mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ will be :

1. -2.69 V ; the reaction will occur
2. -0.33 V ; the reaction will not occur
3. -0.33 V ; the reaction will occur
4. -2.69 V ; the reaction will not occur
5. For the non - stoichiometry reaction $2 \mathrm{~A}+\mathrm{B} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}+$ D , the following kinetic data were obtained in three separate experiments all at 298 K .

| Initial <br> Concentration <br> $(A)$ | Initial <br> Concentration <br> $(B)$ | Initial rate of formation <br> of $\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{L}^{-} \mathrm{S}^{-}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0.1 M | 0.1 M | $1.2 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| 0.1 M | 0.2 M | $1.2 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| 0.2 M | 0.1 M | $2.4 \times 10^{-3}$ |

The rate law for the formation of C is -

1. $\frac{\mathrm{dc}}{\mathrm{dt}}=\mathrm{k}[\mathrm{A}]^{2}[\mathrm{~B}]$
2. $\frac{\mathrm{dc}}{\mathrm{dt}}=\mathrm{k}[\mathrm{A}][\mathrm{B}]^{2}$
3. $\frac{\mathrm{dc}}{\mathrm{dt}}=\mathrm{k}[\mathrm{A}]$
4. $\frac{\mathrm{dc}}{\mathrm{dt}}=\mathrm{k}[\mathrm{A}][\mathrm{B}]$
5. Stability of the species $L i_{2}, L i_{2}^{-}$and $L i_{2}^{+}$increases in the order of -
6. $\mathrm{Li}_{2}<\mathrm{Li}_{2}^{-}<\mathrm{Li}_{2}^{+}$
7. $\mathrm{Li}_{2}{ }^{-}=\mathrm{Li}_{2}{ }^{+}=\mathrm{Li}_{2}$
8. $\mathrm{Li}_{2}<\mathrm{Li}_{2}^{+}<\mathrm{Li}_{2}^{-}$
9. $\mathrm{Li}_{2}^{-}<\mathrm{Li}_{2}^{+}<\mathrm{Li}_{2}$
10. Which of the following is the wrong statement?
11. Ozone is violet-black in solid-state
12. Ozone is paramagnetic gas
13. ONCl and $\mathrm{ONO}^{-}$are not isoelectronic
14. $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ molecule is bent
15. Among the following the maximum covalent character is shown by the compound :
16. $\mathrm{FeCl}_{2}$
17. $\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$
18. $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$
19. $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
20. A vessel at 1000 K contains $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ with a pressure of 0.5 atm . Some of the $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is converted into CO on the addition of graphite. If the total pressure at equilibrium is 0.8 atm , the value of K is :
1.1 .8 atm
21. 3 atm
22. 0.3 atm
23. 0.18 atm
24. The wavelength (in nanometer) associated with a proton moving at $1.0 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ (Mass of proton $=1.67$ $\times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg}$ and $\left.\mathrm{h}=6.63 \times 10^{-34} \mathrm{Js}\right)$ is-:
25. 0.032 nm
26. 0.40 nm
27. 2.5 nm
28. 14.0 nm
29. Standard entropy of $\mathrm{X}_{2}, \mathrm{Y}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{XY}_{3}$ are 60,40 and $50 \mathrm{JK}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$, respectively. For the reaction, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{X}_{2}+\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{Y}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{XY}_{3} \Delta \mathrm{H}=-30 \mathrm{~kJ}$, to be at equilibrium, the temperature will be
30. 500 K
31. 750 K
32. 1000 K
33. 1250 K
34. How many atoms are present in a mole of acetic acid?
35. $8 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ atom $/ \mathrm{mol}$
36. $4 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ atom $/ \mathrm{mol}$
37. $6 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ atom $/ \mathrm{mol}$
38. None of the above
39. Which of the following compounds shows optical isomerism?
40. $\left[\mathrm{Co}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]^{3-}$
41. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]^{3-}$
42. $\left[\mathrm{ZnCl}_{4}\right]^{2-}$
43. $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{2+}$
44. Following statements reagarding the periodic trends of chemical reactivity of the alkali metals and the halogens are given. Which of these statements gives the correct picture ?
45. The reactivity decreases in the alkali metals but increases in the halogens with increase in atomic number down the group
46. In both the alkali metals and the halogens the chemical reactivity decreaeses with increase in atomic number down the group
47. Chemical reactivity increases with increase in atomic number down the group in both the alkali metals and halogens
48. In alkali metals the reactivity increases but in the halogens it decreases with increase in atomic number down the group
49. The enthalpy changes for the following processes are listed below :
$\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Cl}(\mathrm{g}), 242.3 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
$\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{I}(\mathrm{g}), 151.0 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
ICI $(\mathrm{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{I}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{Cl}(\mathrm{g}), 211.3 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
$\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~s}) \rightarrow \mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}), 62.76 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
Given that the standard states for iodine and chlorine are $\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$ and $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$, the standard enthalpy of formation of ICI $(\mathrm{g})$ is :
50. $-14.6 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
51. $-20.8 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
52. $+16.8 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
53. $+244.8 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
54. The increasing order of the reactivity of the following compounds towards electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction is :

(I)

(II)

(III)

(IV)
55. III $<$ I $<$ II $<$ IV
56. III $<$ II $<$ I $<$ IV
57. I $<$ III $<$ IV $<$ II
58. III $<$ I $<$ IV $<$ II

## Chemistry - Section B

136. In the formation or sulphur trioxide by the contact process,
$2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{SO}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$
The rate of reaction is expressed as $\frac{\mathrm{d}\left[\mathrm{O}_{2}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}=2.5 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol}$ $\mathrm{L}^{-1} \mathrm{Sec}^{-1}$. The rate disappearance of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ will be
137. $5.0 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1} \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$
138. $2.5 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1} \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$
139. $3.75 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1} \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$
140. $50.0 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1} \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$
141. Which of the following leads to bonding?

142. 


3.

138. The non-staggered form(s) of ethane among the following is-
1.

2.

4. None of these
139. The correct statement among the following is: -

1. Silicon exhibits 8 coordination numbers in its compound.
2. Bond energy of $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ is less than $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
3. Mn (III) oxidation state is more stable than Mn (II) in an aqueous state.
4. Elements of $15^{\text {th }}$ gp show only +3 , and +5 oxidation states.
5. With respect to an ore, the Ellingham diagram helps to predict the feasibility of its -
6. Electrolysis
7. Thermal reduction
8. Zone refining
9. Vapour phase refining
10. The pair that has similar atomic radii is :
11. Mo, and W
12. Mn, and Re
13. Ti, and Hf
14. Sc, and Ni
15. Consider the following reactions :

' A ' is :
16. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{CH}$
17. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
18. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
19. $C H \equiv C H$
20. The coagulating power having ions $\mathrm{Na}^{+}, \mathrm{Al}^{3+}$ and $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$ for arsenic sulphide sol increases in the order -
21. $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{Al}^{3+}$
22. $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$
23. $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}<\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}$
24. $\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}<\mathrm{Al}^{3+}$
25. Experimentally it was found that a metal oxide has formula $\mathrm{M}_{0.98} \mathrm{O}$. Metal M , is present as $\mathrm{M}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{M}^{3+}$ in its oxide. Fraction of the metal which exists as $\mathrm{M}^{3+}$ would be -
26. $6.05 \%$
27. $5.08 \%$
28. $7.01 \%$
29. $4.08 \%$
30. The degree of dissociation $(\alpha)$ of a weak electrolyte, $A_{x} B_{y}$ is related to van't Hoff factor (i) by the expression :
31. $\alpha=\frac{i-1}{(x+y-1)}$
32. $\alpha=\frac{i-1}{x+y+1}$
33. $\alpha=\frac{x+y-1}{i-1}$
34. $\alpha=\frac{x+y+1}{i-1}$
35. Which of the following statements about low-density polythene is FALSE?
36. Its synthesis requires high pressure.
37. It is a poor conductor of electricity.
38. Its synthesis requires dioxygen or a peroxide initiator as a catalyst.
39. It is used in the manufacture of buckets, dustbins, etc.
40. Which of the following is an anionic detergent?
41. Sodium stearate
42. Sodium lauryl sulphate
43. Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
44. Glyceryl oleate
45. The correct order of increasing acid strength of the compounds :
I. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$
II. $\mathrm{MeOCH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$
III. $\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$

IV.
46. II $<$ IV $<$ I $<$ III
47. IV $<$ I $<$ III $<$ II
48. IV $<$ I $<$ II $<$ III
49. I $<$ IV $<$ III $<$ II
50. Consider the reaction equilibrium : $2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}(g)+\mathrm{O}_{2}(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 \mathrm{SO}_{3}(g) ; \quad \Delta H^{\circ}=-198 \mathrm{~kJ}$
On the basis of Le-Chatelier's principle, the condition favorable for the forward reaction is :
51. lowering of temperature as well as pressure
52. increasing temperature as well as pressure
53. lowering the temperature and increasing the pressure
54. Any value of temperature and pressure
55. Both $\mathrm{Co}^{3+}$ and $\mathrm{Pt}^{4+}$ have a coordination number of six. Which of the following pairs of complexes will show approximately the same electrical conductance in dilute aqueous solutions?
56. $\mathrm{CoCl}_{3} .6 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{PtCl}_{4} .5 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
57. $\mathrm{CoCl}_{3} .4 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{PtCl}_{4} .4 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
58. $\mathrm{CoCl}_{3} .3 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{PtCl}_{4} .5 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
59. $\mathrm{CoCl}_{3} .6 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{PtCl}_{4} .3 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$

## Physics - Section A

151. Albert Einstein was awarded the Nobel Prize for his work on:
152. special theory of relativity
153. mass-energy equivalence
154. general theory of relativity
155. photoelectric effect
156. The percentage error in the measurement of the diameter of a sphere is $2.5 \%$. What is the percentage error in the measurement of its surface area?
157. $2.5 \%$
158. 5\%
159. 1.25\%
160. $10 \%$
161. A square conducting frame of uniform thickness and homogeneous material is pulled from a magnetic field at a constant velocity as shown in the figure. When it is being pulled then:

162. magnitude of current remains constant but its direction reverse
163. magnitude of current changes but direction remains constant
164. magnitude of current as well as its direction changes
165. no current is induced in loop
166. Displacement of an object is proportional to the cube of time taken. Then,
167. the speed of the object is constant.
168. the motion is uniform.
169. the motion is uniformly accelerated.
170. its acceleration is variable.
171. If the focal length of the objective lens is increased then:
172. the magnifying power of the microscope will increase but that of the telescope will decrease.
173. the magnifying power of the microscope and telescope will increase.
174. the magnifying power of the microscope and telescope both will decrease.
175. the magnifying power of the microscope will decrease but that of the telescope will increase.
176. Limit of resolution of compound microscope is proportional to: (symbols have their usual meaning)
177. $d \propto \frac{\lambda}{\mu \sin \theta}$
178. $d \propto \frac{\mu \sin \theta}{\lambda}$
179. $d \propto \frac{\lambda \mu}{\sin \theta}$
180. $d \propto \frac{\sin \theta}{\lambda \mu}$
181. In YDSE an electron beam is used to obtain an interference pattern. If the speed of the electron increases then:
182. the distance between consecutive fringes decreases.
183. the distance between consecutive fringes increases.
184. the distance between consecutive fringes remains the same.
185. more information is required.
186. To make the electromagnets, the material used should have:
187. low hysteresis loss
188. high hysteresis loss
189. high permeability
190. both (1) and (3)
191. A hollow metallic sphere of radius 5 cm is charged such that the potential on its surface is 40 V . The potential at a distance of 3 cm from the center of the sphere is:
192. 20 V
193. 30 V
194. 40 V
195. 75 V
196. The amount of charge $Q$ passed in time $t$ through a cross-section of a wire is $\mathrm{Q}=\left(7 \mathrm{t}^{2}+4 \mathrm{t}+1\right) \mathrm{C}$. The value of current at time $t=6$ seconds is:
197. 38 A
198. 27 A
199. 104 A
200. 88 A
201. A long straight wire of radius $a$ carries a steady current $I$. The current is uniformly distributed across its cross-section. The ratio of the magnetic field at a distance $3 a$ and $5 a$ form the axis of the wire will be:
202. $\frac{3}{5}$
203. $\frac{5}{3}$
204. $\frac{9}{25}$
205. $\frac{25}{9}$
206. In the shown arrangement, the man with mass 70 kg is accelerating up with an acceleration of $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. The mass of trolley used is 30 kg and string is inextensible and light weight. The pull exerted by man on the string is:
$\left(\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$

207. 620 N
208. 740 N
209. 1000 N
210. 980 N
211. Two particles A and B are projected as shown in the diagram. The correct statement is:

212. Their relative velocity is along horizontal direction
213. Their relative velocity is along vertical direction
214. Their relative velocity is zero
215. Their relative velocity vector is making $\theta=\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ angle with the line joining
216. A rod is supported by two forces $F$ each as shown in the figure. The rod is in equilibrium, then

217. The net torque about A is zero
218. The net torque about $B$ is zero
219. The net torque about $C$ is zero
220. All of these
221. Consider the following statements-
(a) A body is in translational equilibrium if net force on it is zero.
(b) A body is in rotational equilibrium if net torque about any point is zero.
Choose the correct statements:
222. (a) only
223. (b) only
224. both (a) and (b)
225. neither (a) nor (b)
226. Which of the following graph best represent the damped simple harmonic motion?

227. 


2.

3.

167. Three capacitors A, B and C each of capacitance 1 $\mu F$ are connected as shown. The charge on capacitor C is:


1. $5 \mu C$
2. $10 \mu C$
3. $\frac{10}{3} \mu C$
4. $\frac{5}{3} \mu C$
5. A charged particle of mass $m$ and charge $q$ is released from rest in an electric field of constant magnitude E. The kinetic energy of the particle after time $t$ is
6. $\frac{2 E^{2} t^{2}}{m q}$
7. $\frac{E^{2} q^{2} t^{2}}{2 m}$
8. $\frac{E q^{2} m}{2 t^{2}}$
9. $\frac{E q m}{2 t}$
10. A concave mirror of focal length $f$ in air is used in a medium of refractive index 2 . What will be the focal length of the mirror in the medium?
11. 4 f
12. 2f
13. f/2
14. none of these
15. For which gate the given truth table is?

| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

1. NAND
2. AND
3. OR
4. NOR
5. Which of the following statements is not correct when a junction diode is in forward bias?
6. The width of depletion region decreases
7. Free electrons on n-side will move towards the junction
8. Holes of p-side move towards the junction
9. Electron on $n$-side and holes on p-side will move away from junction
10. In the reaction represented by, ${ }_{Z} X^{A} \rightarrow{ }_{Z-2} Y^{A-4} \rightarrow{ }_{Z-2} Y^{A-4} \rightarrow{ }_{Z-1} K^{A-4}$
The decays in the sequence are:
11. $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$
12. $\beta, \alpha, \gamma$
13. $\gamma, \alpha, \beta$
14. $\alpha, \gamma, \beta$
15. The cylindrical tube of a spray pump has a crosssection of $8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, one end of which has 40 fine holes each of area $10^{-8} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. If the liquid flows inside the tube with a speed of $0.15 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}$, the speed with which the liquid is ejected through the holes is:
16. $50 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
17. $5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
18. $0.05 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
19. $0.5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
20. One of the most efficient engines ever developed operates between 2100 K and 700 K . Its actual efficiency is $40 \%$. What percentage of the maximum possible efficiency is the actual efficiency?
21. $40 \%$
22. $60 \%$
23. 66.67 \%
24. 33.37\%
25. A car travelling on a level road cannot have an acceleration greater in magnitude than ( $\mu$ is coefficient of friction):
26. $\mu \mathrm{g}$
27. $\mu^{2} g$
28. $g$
29. $g / \mu$
30. In a transformer, the output current and voltage are respectively 4 A and 20 V . If the ratio of the number of turns in the primary to secondary is $2: 1$, what is the input current and voltage?
31. 2 A and 40 V
32. 1 A and 20 V
33. 4 A and 10 V
34. 8 A and 40 V
35. The ground state energy of H -atom is -13.6 eV . The energy needed to ionise H -atom from its second excited state is:
36. 1.51 eV
37. 3.4 eV
38. 13.6 eV
39. 12.1 eV
40. A flask containing air at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at atmospheric pressure is corked up. A pressure of 2.5 atm would force the cork out. The temperature at which this happens is:
41. $67.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
42. 750 K
43. $577^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
44. 670 K
45. A vibrating tuning fork generates a wave given by $y=0.1 \sin \pi(0.1 x-2 t)$, where x and y are in metre and $t$ in second. The distance travelled by the wave while the fork completes 30 vibrations is:
46. 600 m
47. 20 m
48. 30 m
49. 200 m
50. In the adjoining circuit, the readings of the ammeter and voltmeter are:

51. 6 A, 60 V
52. $0.6 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{~V}$
53. $6 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{~V}$
54. $\frac{6}{11} A, \frac{6}{11} V$
55. A missile is launched from the earth with a velocity 5 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{s}$ towards a target. The sum of its kinetic energy and potential energy is:
56. positive
57. negative
58. zero
59. either positive or negative depending upon the direction of launching
60. The excess pressure inside one soap bubble is three times that inside a second soap bubble, then the ratio of their surface areas is:
61. 1: 9
62. 1: 3
63. 3: 1
64. 1: 27
65. A light spring of length $l$ and rigidity $k$ is placed vertically on a table. A small mass of m falls on it. What will be the height from the surface of the table at which the ball will have the maximum velocity?
66. $\frac{m g}{k}$
67. $l-\frac{m g}{k}$
68. $\frac{m g}{2 k}$
69. $l-\frac{2 m g}{k}$
70. A metal wire of length $L$, area of cross-section A and Young's modulus Y behaves as a spring of spring constant k , given by:
71. $k=\frac{Y A}{L}$
72. $k=\frac{2 Y A}{L}$
73. $k=\frac{Y A}{2 L}$
74. $k=\frac{Y L}{A}$
75. The general equation of a wave in a string is:
$y=0.1 \sin \pi(0.10 x+8 t+1.3)$
The equation of the wave that would produce a stationary wave with the given wave is
76. $y=0.1 \cos \pi(0.10 x-8 t+1.3)$
77. $y=0.1 \sin \pi(0.10 x-8 t+1.3)$
78. $y=0.1 \sin \pi(8 x-0.10 t+1.3)$
79. $y=0.1 \cos \pi(8 x-0.10 t+1.3)$

## Physics - Section B

186. A beam of light consisting of red, green and blue colours is incident on a right-angled prism. The refractive index of the material of the prism for the above red, green and blue wavelengths are $1.39,1.44$ and 1.47 respectively. Which of the following color(s) will suffer total internal reflection?

187. Green and Red
188. Blue and Green
189. Only Red
190. Only Blue
191. A massless spring of spring constant $100 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$ is cut into two halves. The two halves are connected in parallel to a block of mass M as shown in the figure. If system vibrates at a frequency of $(10 / \pi) \mathrm{Hz}$, the value of M is:

192. 4 kg
193. 3 kg
194. 2 kg
195. 1 kg
196. A uniform rope of length 12 m and mass 6 kg hangs vertically from a rigid support. A block of mass 2 kg is attched at the free end of the rope. A transverse pulse of wavelength 6 cm is produced at the lower end of the rope. The wavelength of the pulse when it reaches the top of the rope is:
1.6 cm
197. 9 cm
198. 12 cm
199. 24 cm
200. A tube of length 2 m is filled completely with an incompressible liquid of mass 1 kg and closed at both ends. The tube is rotated in the horizontal plane about one of its ends with angular speed of $3 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$. The force exerted by the liquid at the other end is:
201. 6 N
202. 12 N
203. 9 N
204. 18 N
205. A proton enters a uniform electric field with its velocity perpendicular to the direction of the electric lines of force then: (Neglect gravity)
206. the path of the proton will be a straight line
207. the path of the proton will be a circle
208. the path of proton will be a parabola
209. the path of proton will be a hyperbola
210. A solid sphere is in pure rolling with constant speed of centre of mass $\left(\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cm}}\right)$ as shown in the figure. Then the net torque on sphere about:

211. point $P$ is non-zero
212. point $C$ is non-zero
213. point A is non-zero
214. point Q is zero
215. The numerical value of the charge on either plate of the capacitor $C$ shown in the figure is:

216. $C E$
217. $\frac{C E R_{1}}{\left(R_{2}+r\right)}$
218. $\frac{C E R_{2}}{\left(R_{2}+r\right)}$
219. $\frac{C E R_{1}}{\left(R_{1}+r\right)}$
220. The string of a pendulum is of length $l$. It is made horizontal and then left. A nail is located at a distance d below the point of suspension. For the ball to completely swing around in a circle centred on the nail, the value of $d$ in terms of length 1 is:
221. 0.5 l
222. 0.61
223. 0.4 l
224. 0.25 l
225. What is the rms value of an alternating current which when passed through a resistor produces heat, which is thrice that produced by a current of 2 ampere in the same resistor?
226. 6 ampere
227. 2 ampere
228. 3.46 ampere
229. 0.65 ampere
230. Pressure on a circular plate is obtained by measuring the force and the radius of the plate. If the error in measuring force and radius is $1 \%$ and $0.5 \%$ respectively, then the error in pressure is:
231. 1\%
232. $2 \%$
233. $6 \%$
234. 8\%
235. A body of mass $m=10 \mathrm{~kg}$ is attached to a wire of length 0.3 m . Its breaking stress is $4.8 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. The area of the cross-section of the wire is $10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. What is the maximum angular velocity with which it can be rotated in the horizontal circle?
$1.4 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
236. $8 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
237. $1 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
238. $2 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
239. n particles of equal masses $m$ gram are placed on the same line at distances $1,2 l, 3 l, \ldots . . n l \mathrm{~cm}$ from a fixed point. The distance of the center of mass of the particles from the fixed point (in centimeters) is:
240. $\frac{(2 n+1) l}{3}$
241. $\frac{l}{n+1}$
242. $\frac{(n+1) l}{2}$
243. $\frac{2 l}{n\left(n^{2}+1\right)}$
244. A parallel-plate capacitor has a capacitance $C_{0}$ in the absence of a dielectric. A slab of dielectric material of dielectric constant $\mathrm{k}=2$ and thickness $1 / 3 \mathrm{~d}$ is inserted between the plates (as shown in the figure).


What is the new capacitance when the dielectric is present?

1. $\frac{6 \varepsilon_{0} A}{5 d}$
2. $\frac{5 \varepsilon_{0} A}{6 d}$
3. $\frac{4 \varepsilon_{0} A}{3 d}$
4. $\frac{3 \varepsilon_{0} A}{4 d}$
5. The activity of a radioactive sample decreases to (1/3)rd of its original value in 3 days. Then, in 6 days its activity will become:
6. $\frac{1}{27} t h$ of the original value
7. $\frac{1}{9} t h$ of the original value
8. $\frac{1}{18} t h$ of the original value
9. $\frac{1}{3} r d$ of the original value
10. If the width of one slit is reduced in Young's experiment, which of the following will happen?
11. dark fringes become less dark
12. bright fringes become more bright
13. both of the above
14. the fringe system will disappear and uniform illumination will set in

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## course

